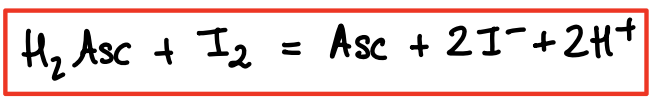
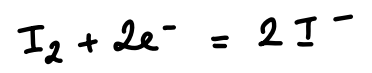
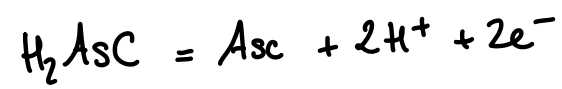


TPC3 Vitamine C

Idée: réaction rédox



Est-elle :

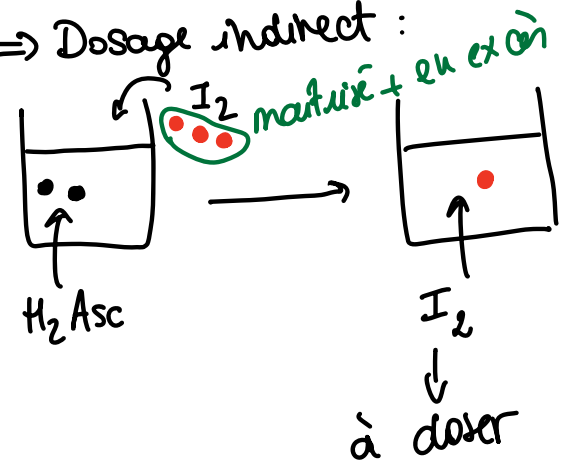
- unique ? (admis)

- quantitative ?

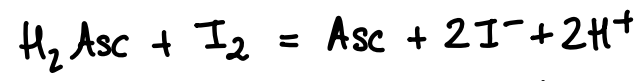
$$K^o = 10^{\frac{0,54 - 0,13}{0,06}} = 10^{12} \gg 1$$

- rapide ?

⇒ Dosage indirect :



1^{ère} étape - Faire réagir TOUS les H₂Asc



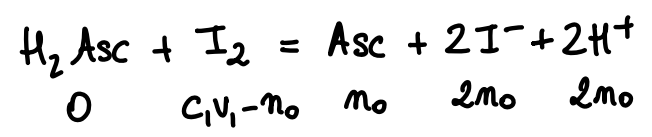
m_0	$c_1 V_1$	0	0	0
$m_0 - \xi_f$	$c_1 V_1 - \xi_f$	ξ_f	$2\xi_f$	$2\xi_f$

réaction totale → $\xi_f = \xi_{max}$

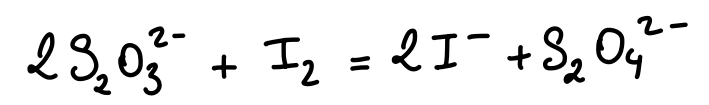
⊕ il faut mettre le I₂ en excès

$$\xi_f = m_0$$

⇒ à la fin de l'étape 1



2^{ème} étape - Dosier les I₂ restant



$c_2 V_{verxi}$	$c_1 V_1 - m_0$
$c_2 V_{verxi} - 2\xi$	$c_1 V_1 - m_0 - \xi$

À l'équivalence : $c_1 V_1 - m_0 = \frac{c_2 V_{eq}}{2}$

$$\Rightarrow m_0 = c_1 V_1 - \frac{c_2 V_{eq}}{2}$$

Exploitation

$$N = \frac{m_{jour} V_0}{m_0 \times V_{citron} \times \Gamma_{H_2Asc}}$$

N = 8 citrons.